In what place.

Drafts heretofore Amount subject drawn, but not to draft.

drawn, but not yet paid, though payable.

From the N. Y. Evening Fost, Oct al.

THE RATIFICATION MEETING.

Tammany Hell was occupied at an early bour last evening by the friends of the persons recommended by the nominating committee as candidates for the House of Assembly. They put Eccles Gillender into the chair, after which John F. Ropes, chairman of the committee of arrangements, read the following list of vice presidents and secretaries, which was adopted by the meeting:

Vice pagements.—Ist ward, John S. Gilbert, John Hilyer; 24 ward, J. C. Stoneall, J. B. Garritson; 3d ward, W. H. Jansen, David Hinds, 4th ward, Eldad Holmes, Charles Mills, 5th ward, E. B. Flart, Jesse Brush; 6th ward, Frederick Kholer, Malachi Fallen; 7th ward, C. W. Smith, William Mackay; 8th ward, C. P. Brown, D. E. Delavan; 9th ward, C. A. Van Zandt, Thomas Starr; 10th ward, T. K. Downing, John Leonard; 14th ward, T. K. Downing, John Leonard; 14th ward, T. K. Downing, John Leonard; 14th ward, Claathan Thorne, John J. Cisco; 16th ward, G. W. Anderson, James Moore; 17th ward, James Walsh, Martin Ficker; 18th ward, H. A. Beach, W. H. Bunn.

Secure as use.—Ist ward, Wm. Blain: 2d ward.

Martin Ficker; 18th ward, H. A. Beach, W. H. Bunn.

SECRETARIES.—1st ward, Wm. Blain; 2d ward, Conklin Titus; 3d ward, W. H. Blackford; 4th ward, B. J. Pentz; 5th ward, L. A. Myers; 6th ward, Pat'k Brennan; 7th ward, D. P. Arnold; 8th ward, Pat'k Brennan; 7th ward, W. F. Godfrey; 10th ward, W. F. Godfrey; 10th ward, W. A. Douglass; 11th ward, A. Jackson; 12th ward, M. L. Mott; 13th ward, M. L. Bryant; 14th ward, M. L. Mott; 13th ward, M. L. Bryant; 14th ward, Thomas Whelan; 15th ward, Ira B. Davis; 16th ward, D. D. Reid; 17th ward, H. Boone; 18th ward, C. W. Hebbard.

Mr. Ropes read the following address, which was adopted:

Mr. Ropes read the following address, which was adopted:

ADDRESS

In accordance with the usages of the democratic party, we have deemed it due to the occasion, and the principles and measures which we desire should be sustained, to state the grounds on which we appeal to the people for their favor and support. The democracy, in their struggles to advance the equal and common interests of all men, seek no concealments, and will tolerate no disquises of their purposes and principles. They rely for continued success upon a frank avowal of their opinions upon all subjects of public interest, and upon a faithful adherence, by their candidates, to the pledges given by the party to the public.

In the great canvass of 1844, the democratic party throughout the Union, as well as of this State, fearlessly and manfully took issue with their opponents upon aithe great questions that agitated the public mind. True to its instincts and the liberal principles which have ever marked its action, the democratic party pledged its offorts, if soutained and elected, in favor of the great American measure—the annexation of Texas—to assert our clear and unquestionable rights to our territory in Oregon—to repeal the unequal, unjues, and odique tariff of 1842—to the establishment of an independent treasury, and to the windication of the national rights and honor whenever and by whomever assailed.

These amapicious results a large majority of the American people were anxious to secure, and the masses in their patriotism, railied in support of the democratic candidates and triumphanity elected them. Most of the measures to which the party was pledged by the Baltimore convention, have been sanctioned by Congress. If, in the adjustment of the Oregon controversy, something was yielded which a large portion of our people deemed unquestionably our own, they will remember with gratitude and admiration the truly patriotic men who stood up manfully in all vicessitudes, and amidst all embarrisaments, for the integrity of our national soil, and t

Paio Alto and Resaca de la Palma, and the capture of Monterey are brilliant proofs of the cool courage, indominable energy and heroic valor of the citizen soldier. Amidst our congratulations at the new lustre she i upon our arms, a generous people will not forget to relieve the sufferings of the widows and orphans, whose husbands and fathers fell on the field of battle.

In the campaign of 1844, the democrats of this State with reference to the constitution involved in any

In the campaign of 1844, the democrats of this State, with reference to the question involved in our State policy, pledged themselves to adhere in legislation to the guaranties that have been given to our public creditors, to reserve order, sustain the supremacy of law, and to redress all existing grievances to the full extent compatible with vested rights. These pledges have been redeemed. The public faith has been preserved; order has been enforced by law, and measures of relief have been secured by legislation.

gislation.

The recent constitutional convention of our State

The recent constitutional convention of our State has ordered that a separate smendment to the constitution shall be submitted separately, providing that negroes shall have the same right to vote for all offices eligible to the people as the whites.

We regard such a measure as dangerous to the purity of the elective franchise. We regard the negroes, as a class, as incapable of self-government. Such is their physical organization that it is impossible for the whites to associate with them in any relation of life, and that amalgamation with them would be unmitigated degradation. It is impossible that two races, so radically and essentially unlike, can ever harmoniously co-operate in administering a government. While we would guaranty to them the inviolability of their persons and property, and exemption from taxation, we would exclude them altogether from exercising the elective franchise, and recommend to our fellow-citizens to reject this amendment. In concluding this brief address to our fellow-citi

zeps, we cannot forbear to remind them that impor-tant consequences depend on the issues of the pres-ent election. Our adversaries, although distracted, do not deepan of success. Their unexpected suc-cesses in other States have emboldened them to hope for victory in democratic New York. Already they proclaim to the world that the editors trees of 18.09.

cesses in other States have emboldened them to hope of for victory in democratic New York. Already they proclaim to the world that the odious tariff of 1842 hunts be restored, and the independent treasury repealed. They are making vigorous efforts to secure a majority in the next Congress and obtain the possession of our State government.

No true democrat, proud of the first triumphs of his party and the benefits it has conferred on our people, can contemplate such a result without fellings of mortification and alarm. As devoted as ever to the permanent ascendancy of democratic principles and menaures, with long-honored citizens as candidates for popular favor, with the names of popular and tried public servants inscribed on our tranners, we cannot fail to triumph if we set in good faith towards our principles, and with each other.

This is not the time to indulge in private griefs, or yield to personal disappointments. We are on the eye of an eventful encounter with the enemy of our principles. We have often defeated them on the same battle-field, and under the same leaders, that the context of the 3d of November is to be fought. The attention of the whole democracy of the Union is now turned to us. They look anxiously to the result. It depends upon ourselves whether we succeed and gladden the hearts of our democratic brethren everywhere, or whether they, as well as ourselves, are to lament our ignominious over-throw.

we appeal to all true democrats and friends of good government, to lay saids all prejudices, to look at the principles and objects to be secured by our success, and to rally to their support with the same vigorous and cordial co-operation that has signalized our previous political struggles. Such a united and harmonious effort is due to the cause and to purelives. Such an effort will secure us another triumph, and the congratulations of our democratic brethren throughout the Union.

Aug 6-law2m

LETTERS FROM THE ARMY. etter from General Butler—Particulars of his charge— His wound—Bravery of his troops—Abandonment of his attack, &c.

his attack, &c.

The following are extracts from a letter of Gen. Butler to a near relative in Louisville, Kentucky. The general says in the same letter, that it is the opinion of those Mexican officers, who have been taken prisoners by our army, that their governmen

Monterey is ours, but not without a heavy lose, and my division has probably sustained more than one-half of it. I am myself wounded, but not badly. I was struck by a musket ball below the knee; it entered in front, grazed the bones without injuring them, ranged round through the flesh, and came out on the opposite side.

I became faint from the loss of blood, and was compelled to leave the field after having been in it under a heavy fire of grape and musketry for three hours. I have been required by my surgeon to keep perfectly still, ever since the battle.

I was in the act of leading the Ohio regiment to storm two of the most formidable batteries in the town, flanked by a stone wall, ten feet high, with a deep ditch in front, and covered by a strong musketry force in the rear, under complete shelter. There were two other batteries of grape-shot discharged, that swept the ground continually.

Col. Mitchell, who commanded the regiment of Ohio yolunteers, was wounded about the same time that I was, and we then prudently abandoned the enterprise, as we became convinced that our loss would have been probably at least one hundred more men, had we persevered.

I hope you will not think I acted rashly. I know that I am often rash where I involve myself alone; not so, however, when the fate of others are at stake.

The condition in which we were placed fully jus-

From the Nashville Whig. Oct. 24.

LETTER OF COL. W. B. CAMPBELL.

Camp near Monterey, Mexico,
Soptember 25, 1846.

My dear sir: I have not time, as the express leaves very shortly, to write you a letter, but only to let you know that an attack was made by Gen. Taylor's army on Monterey on the 21st., which succeeded in part by taking one fortress and portion of the town on that day; and on the 22d and 23d, two other forts fell into our hands, and on the 23th Gen. Ampudia sent in a white flag proposing terms. A conference was held yesterday which resulted in an armistice for eight weeks, and an agreement that the Mexican general should march off his whole army with their arms and six pieces of artillery. The town and forts, and public property, and public stores to be given up to the Americans, and today, at 10 o'clock, the main fortress is to be delivered up.

For all this Tennessee has suffered most severely—my regiment went early into action on the morn-

ered up.

For all this Tennessee has suffered most severely —my regiment went early into action on the morning of the 21st September, and was ordered to sustain some regulars who were said to be attacking a fort at one end of the city. When I arrived with them within point blank musket shot of the fort, no regulars were visible—they had filed to the right and taken shelter behind houses, and had got into the outskirts of town, so that my command was left exposed to the most severe discharge of artillery and musketry that was ever poured upon a line of volunteers. They bore the fire with wonderful courage, and were brought to the charge in a few minutes, and rushed upon the fort and took it at the point of the bayonet. It was most gallantly done. The Mississippi regiment sustained my regiment most gallantly in the charge, and came into the fight like valiant soldiers. We passed through the fort and into the town, but other well fortified places put a stop to our progress, and we had to keep up the fight from behind wall-fences and houses all day.

The fort which we took has been in our possession ever since. Two other forts were abandoned by the enemy on the 23d, and taken possession of by our men. On the morning of the 21st September, I marched to the attack on Monterey with my regiment, numbering 379, including officers, non-commissioned officers and privates; and my loss during the day was twenty-six killed, 77 wounded, and 2 missing, supposed now certainly to be dead. This will show whether we stood the fire, as our march all the time was onward or attainers, upon the will show whether we stood the fire, as our

all the time was onward or stationary upon the ground we had taken.

I send you a list of the killed and wounded in the I send you a list of the killed and wounded in the action, that you may publish. I regretted that Capt. Whitfield's company could not have been with us, but one company was to be left, and he had the day before been on hard duty with his company, and was properly the one to be left behind. Myself, Lieut. Col. Anderson, Major Alexander, and Lieut. Adjutant Heiman, were on horseback, and I can say, that never did men act more promptly and gallandy than did Lieut. Col. Anderson and Adjutant Heiman, and Major Alexander, until the last fell landy than did Lieut. Col. Anderson and Adjutant Heiman, and Major Alexander, until the last fell wounded, early in the action. The whole command acted nobly and bravely. I am yours, W. B. CAMPBELL.

ALLEN A. HALL, ESQ.

Since writing the above, I went with General Taylor and witnessed the marching out of the Mexicans and the marching in of a part of our troops into the big fort, so that all the fortifications and public property and stores are now in our possession, and the Mexican shave a few days left allowed to march off. The Mexican force is 8 or 10 thousand in the fort and in town. The armistice is for eight weeks.

eight weeks.

I may say of my officers and men, that they a behaved most guifantly and nobly, and have so tained the high character of our State for valor archivalry in the field of battle. I cannot now mal any distinction: all acted their parts well.

From the Baltimore American.

We are permitted to make the following extractifrom a letter from a brave officer of the United States army, dated camp near Monterey, September 28th. The writer, attached to General Taylor's division in the plain, gives a graphic description of General Worth's movements on the heights, the whole of which, presenting a grand spectacle, could be seen from below:

worth's movements on the heightlit, the whole of the thren throughout the Union.

Mr. Porter read some important resolutions, which were adopted.

The assembly ticket was then put to vote. When the name of Alexander Wells was read, there grove a mingled hubbub of ayes and noes, but the chairman declared the nomination ratified. Michael Walsh's name occasioned great confusion and uproar, but the chairman proclaimed that the syes had the majority.

Mr. Morris, the postmanter of this city, then rose to speak, but Mike Walsh was loudly called for and he gare way. Walsh spoke for some time, and was succeeded by Morris and coveral others.

The following resolutions, went by the National Reformers to Mr. Morris, were read by him and slopped:

"Resolved, That we are with Gen. Jackson and others, above quoted, opposed to the idea of raising any future revenue out of the public lands.

"Resolved, That for the purpose of giving a chance to every able and willing to-labor citizen to become a freeholder, we are opposed to letting the public domain into the hands of any, in any maener, save in limited quantities, to the actual settler and real cultivator."

TOR RENT.—A two-story frame house, with back buildings, situated on the north side of free hearth of the corner of the street possession given in amediately. For terms apply at Stationers, Hall. Oct. 30—3cm 3m. W. FISCHER.

very, and they turned and fied, our men following so closely that they entered and seized the Palace ere they could make a stand. Ayres lowered their flag, and hoisted ours in its place. The poor devils retreated into the town, our batteries playing on them the whole time.

Parlor and chamber window curtains Solar, astral, hall, and other lamps Feather beds, bedding, and bedstead Cane, rush, and wood-seat chairs, pine c.
Andirons, shovels, tongs, fenders, &c.
China, glass, and crockery ware
Knives and forks, &c.
Plated castors, candlesticks, snuffers and trays
Also, a splendid piano forte, made by Chickering fine tone and touch

Brussels, three-ply, ingrain, Venetian, and step Also, a good milet cow
With many other articles too tedious to enumer

Terms: All sums of and under \$25, cash: over \$25, a credit of thirty and eixty days, for notes sat-isfactorily endorsed, bearing interest.

The public are particularly invited to attend this worthy of their attention. A. GREEN.

Oct 29—td Auctioneer.

The above sale is postponed until Wednesday, the 4th instant, same hour.

Nov. 2—td A. GREEN, Auctioneer. Oct 29-td

BY WM. MARSHALL, Auctioneer. BY WM. MARSHALL, Auctioneer.

FURNITURE, Crockery, Tobacco, Cigurs.—On Thursday morning, October 5th, at 9 o'clock, I will sell, at Centre Market space, a genteel assortment of second-hand furniture, with a large lot of crockery, tobacco, and cigars. Also, seven new bureaus, and a lot of pine tables. The above lot of goods are suitable for families fitting up boarding houses.

Will be added to the sale—
A good second-hand buggy, with top Also, a bay horse and harness
One new barouche, Rockaway-style, leather curtains, iron sale, drab-lined, and very handsome.

Sold to cover advances.

W. MARSHALL,
Nov 2—dts

W. MARSHALL,
Auctioneer.

LURNITURE, Piano, Hardware, Basing, Oct. 7th, at 9 o'clock, I will sell, in front of my store, a good and handsome assortment of furniture, new and second-hand, together with a large lot of

ew and second-hand, wallass and crockery.

Ten shuck and straw mattresses
Three new high-post mahogany bedsteads
A very good second-hand piano
Also, a lot of fancy goods, woodware, &c.

WM. MARSHALL,
Auctionee

Furniture and Crockery. HAVE received, on consignment, a large asortment of crockery, plain and cut glass, &c. Also a lot of furniture, which I will sell low, for cash. A liberal reduction will be made to country merchants. Goods packed, and warranted to go

merchants. Goods pacaco, and an action of the country.

WM. MARSHALL, Auctioneer,
Between 9th and 10th streets, Penn. avenue,
Washington, D. C.

Nov. 2 [Rockville Reformer.]

By A. GREEN, Auctioneer.

FURNITURE, Carpet Bags, Trunks,
Harness, &c., at auction.—On Saturday, 31st instant, I shall sell in front of the Centre Market, at 10 o'clock, a very extensive lot of he hold and kitchen furniture, belonging to persons longing to persons declining housekeeping.

Also a large lot of trunks, carpet bags, harness, cart saddles, breeching, &c.

The sale is worthy the attention of persons wishing articles above named.

A. GREEN. Oct 29

The above sale is postponed, in consequence the rain, until Tuesday, the 3d instant, whenever will be added to the sale 12 dozen bottles of Ink, and many other articles. A. GREEN, Nov 2-21

By Wm. MARSHALL, Auctioneer.

ARRIAGES and Harness at Auction

On Wednesday afternoon, 4th November
4 o'clock, I shall sell, in front of my store,
rge and handsome assortment of carriages, &c.

Large close coaches Large close conches
Square carriages for four and six persons
Rockaways, for two and four persons
Buggies, with leather falling tops
Barouches and doctors phetons
With several sets of single and double harness.
Also, three second-hand carriages in good order.
Also, three good family horses.

WM. MARSHALL,
Oct. 26—dts
Auctioneer.

Oct. 26—dts

Auctioneer.

By A. GREEN, Auctioneer.

GOOD two-story Frame House and
A lot at auction.—On the 6th November I shall
sell, on the premises, at 4 o'clock p. m., part of lot
No. 5, in square No. 401, fronting 15 feet 8 inches
on Ninth street, running back 100 feet between L,
and M streets, with the improvements, which are a
neat two-atory frame house, with brick basement,
wash and wood houses. The house contains seven
well-proportioned rooms, with a neat porch in front.
The property in handsomely situated in a very
healthy and rapidly improving neighberhood.

Terms: One-fourth cash; the balance in four,
eight, twelve, and sixteen months, for notes bearing
interest.

A. GREEN,

very, and they turned and fied, our man following as closely that they entered and seized the Palace ere they could make a stand. Ayres lowered their flag, and hoisted ours in its place. The poor devilar retreated into the town, our batteries playing on them the whole time.

"All this we could see from our position. Judge of our excitement, when we supposed Worth had been driven back—as our success, I may safely say, and then can you imagine the divent back—as our success, I may safely say, and then can you imagine our joy when we saw the stars and stripes foating from both eminences: Never was there a more joyous shout rent the air than the one we gave forth?

The letter contains the following allusions to two gallant officers (one now no more) of the Baltimore than sixty yards from the work, whilst agailantly leading his command. He was shot by a musket ball through the neck. I am informed that Captain Kenly behaved exceedingly well."

All accounts speak well of the conduct of our sum the face of a terrible fire continued for hours, to give proofs of unshaken courage and cool intre-pidity.

Correspondence of the St. Louis Polace.

By the Archer, which arrived this morning from the evening of the 17th, with in-telligence from the asouth, we learn that an express had arrived at the fort on the evening of the 17th, with in-telligence from the south, after a very successful tour. The inhabitants all greated the south, after a very successful tour. The inhabitants all greated the general as their liberator and friend.

By the Archer, which arrived at the fort on the evening of the 17th, with in-telligence from the asouth, after a very successful tour. The inhabitants all greated the south, after a very successful tour. The inhabitants all greated the south, after a very successful tour. The inhabitants all greated the general as their liberator and friend.

By the Archer, which arrived at the fort on the evening of the 17th, with in-telligence from Santa Fa to the 17th, with in-telligence from the south, after a v

The continuity of the constant, and synthy the continued from party for contained about their party for contained about the party of the continuity of the contained about the same time would have been probled a leasure to have a problem of the contained about the same time would have been problem of the control of the contained about the same time would have been problem of the control of the

quite small, and the inhabitants, with the exception of two or three men in each, are a poor miserable set.

The only villages on the Rio Grande that we visied worthy of note, are San Domingo, San Phillippe, Albuquerque, and Tonie. Albuquerque was the residence of Armijo. We halted a short time at this place, going and returning. General Kesrny called on the late governor's wife, and passed an hour or two, as he told me, very pleasantly. She is said to be an intelligent woman, and deported herself with much propriety. Her husband, (Armijo,) it is said, has gone to the Passo, and it is supposed, will continue on to the city of Mexico. The people near the town of Tonie, and the inhabitants of the different villages, have heard of our intended visit, and the general so arranged our marches as to bring us to this town the evening before the anniversary of their patron Saint—a great day with the inhabitants of that region of country; and I assure you it was a great day not only with them, but to all who were present. There was an immense concourse of people, men, women, and children, Mexicans, Indians, and white folks. They had prepared freworks, which were gotten up in a very good style, the town was illuminated, they had a theatre—that is, an play in the open yard, which appeared to be well received by the inhabitants. They also had a fandang which was not only crowded, but jammed and crowded to overflowing. The besuty and fashion were there, and, to my astonishment, I found some of the women quite handsome. During the day there was mass said, and the Virgin Mary was paraded around the streets, followed by the principal men of the town, and also by Gen. Kearny and his staff, with lighted candles in theirhands.

The priest at Tonie joined in the waltz, and appeared as jovial and as much disposed to participate in all the amusements as any one clae. The coun-

The priest at Tonie joined in the waltz, and appeared as jovial and as much disposed to participate in all the amusements as any one cles. The country south of this place, (Santa Fe,) along the Rio Grande, is much better than any portion of the province I have yet visited; yet, in my judgment, no Missourian would ever think of locating anywhere here for the purpose of cultivating the soil. The province has been overrated, and our government has been grossly imposed upon and deceived, as to its resources, commerce, &c. I have not seen anything since my arrival here that would excite the least desire for me to reside here. To sum up the whole in a few words, the Mexicanagure physically. whole in a few words, the Mexicans are physicall mentally, and morally an inferior and "low-flung mentally, and morally an inferior and

mentally, and morally an interior and "low-fluing race.

Yesterday an order was read, assigning the five companies of dragoons for the California expedition; there has not as yet been any place designated for my winter quarters; it is however believed that my company will be attached to Maj. Clark's battalion, and stationed at this place. I hope such may be the case, unless I can induce the general to let me go seuth, to the Passo del Norte. I saw the general lastinight, and requested that he would not assign me to Doniphan's command—he said he would not.

I have found the officers of the army very agreeable companions, and thus far, all has gone on very well. Our mail will not leave before next Thursday. Should anything occur before the departure of the mail, I will write you again.

September 15, 1846.

Since writing the foregoing, an order was made, assigning my company to doduty with Maj. Clark's battalion, and stationing us at this place for the September 15, 1846.

winter.

The five companies of dragoons, will, it is said, march on the 25th instant for California. We have had no news in relation to Price's regiment, nor of Captain Allen's command of Mormona. We do not know how to account for the non-arrival of Price, nor the delay of Allen.

Yours, most truly.

From the St. Louis Republican, Oct. 26. THE ARMY IN NEW MEXICO. An extra from the office of the Liberty Tribune, dated on Tuesday last, contains a long and interesting letter from John T. Hughes, its correspondent at Santa Fe. It is dated on the 17th instant, and gives a daily account of General Kearny's expedition to San Tonie. It contains about 400 inhabitants, but at this time about 3,000 persons, from all the neighboring villages, were assembled to celebrate tion to San Tonie. It contains about 400 inhabitants; but at this time about 3,000 persons, from all the neighboring villages, were assembled to celebrate the anniversary of the "Holy Virgin." On the arrival of General Kearny and his troops, they proceeded to make a dazzling exhibition of their ceremonies, so as to impress them with an idea of the pompous character of the church. The general and staff took their quarters in tows, the volunteers encamped in the suburbs. About 80 clock at night the town was brilliantly illuminated by the pine fagots that blazed from all the walls of the city, from the tops of the churches and the private houses. For four hours, there was a continual discharge of fire-arms, throwing of sky-rockets, and fire balls. The elements were red with long streams of fire for 300 feet high. The rockets would sometimes explode in the air, and again fall among the crowd and explode, producing great confusion. While this was going on, in another part of the square, there were some 1,500 persons, mostly women, sitting on the ground, listening to a comedy, or some kind of theatrical exhibition. Everything said was, of course, in the Sanish language.

Next day the celebration was renewed. The church was crowded to overflowing, though ample anough to contain two thousand persons. Six priests officiated at the altar, which was lighted up with twenty-four candles. General Kearny and staff officers, and some of the officers of the volunteer regiment were present. During the whole time, singing, instrumental music, and the firing of musketry were strangely commingled. Fowards evening, horse-reacing, dancing, and gambling occupied the attention of the throny.

Col. Doniphan remained in command of the troops at Santa Fe, attended to the administration of the laws as governor of the territory, superintended

the erection of Fort Marcy, on the hill overlooking the town, and completed, with the aid of Willard P. Hall, the "organic law and constitution" for the government of the Territory. A small printing press was found at Santa Fe, which was used for printing public laws, &c.; but it is said that General Kearny will be under the necessity of sending a manuscript copy of the constitution and laws of the Territory to the States for publication. This was to be done by the next express, which was to leave in about fifteen days.

Six dragoons and one volunteer had deserted from the army, but it was not known whither they had fied. The health of the army had greatly improved. Dr. Vaughan, who had been left at Bent's Fort with twenty-one sick men, arrived at Santa Fe on the 10th, in company with Lieut. Ingles of the 1st dragoons. Six of the men had died—four at the fort, and two on the route.

Second Lieut James S. Oldham, of the company from Juckson, had been tried by a court-martial, and sentenced to be dismissed from the service, "with a disability to serve in the armies of the United States for the period of twelve months."

Col. Doniphan expected to be ordered to Chituahua. Gen. Armijo was in Chituahua. Nothing had been heard from Col. Price and his regiment of volunteers. the erection of Fort Marcy, on the hill overlooking the town, and completed, with the aid of Willard

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT AUCTION.—On Wednesday next, the 4th November, at 10 o'clock, a. m., I shall sell, at the residence of Mrs. Timms, on Capitol Hill, nearly opposite the south gate of the Capitol, her household and kitchen furniure, amongst which are—
Mahogany hair-seat chairs and sofa
Mahogany duning, card, and centre tables
Pier glass, Moreen and muslin window curtains and craments

d ornaments Cane-seat and other chairs, mahogany sideboard Fire-irons, solar and other lamps
Dinner sets, crockery and glass ware
Three-ply and ingrain parlor, hall, step and cham-

Terms of sale: All sums of and under \$25, cash, over \$25, a credit of sixty and ninety days, for approved endorsed notes, bearing interest.

R. W. DYER, Oct. 30-d DRAWN NUMBERS of the Alexandria lottery, class K, drawn 31st October, 1846: 29, 74, 77, 2, 38, 44, 48, 60, 67, 23, 69, 7, 35, 57. On Tuesday, 3d Novem

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY, No. 44. \$12,000—\$10,000—\$5,000—\$1,588—10 of \$1,000, &c. 78 number lottery—14 drawn ballots. Tickets, \$5—halves, \$2 50—quarters, \$1 25. \$30,000!

On Saturday, 7th November ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY. Class L, will be drawn. 15 drawn numbers out of 75. BPLENDID SCHEME: \$30,000 | 1 prize of 8,910 | 1 do 1,500 1,400 1,300 1,250 1,200 1,000 400 8,910 I do 5,000 I do 4,000 I do 3,000 I do 8,500 I do 2,250 50 prizes of 2,000 50 do 1,750 &c.

do do do do do dec. drawn number \$12; 24, 3d, 4th, or 5th, \$10; 6th, 7th, 8th, 9th, or 10th, \$8; 1tth, 12th, 13th, 14th, or 15th, \$6.

Ticket \$10—halves \$5—quarters \$2 50.

For sale by
J. G. GREGORY & Co., Managers,
Next door east of National Hotel, Washington D. C. Nov 2—dacpiftd

Nov 2—dacpiftd

HENRY C. SEMPLE,
Attorney at Law,
MONTOOMEN, ALA.

WILL practice in the courts of law and equity
of Montgomery and Lowndee counties, in the
circuit court of the United States at Mobile, and
in the supreme court of Alabama.
REFERENCES.—Judge Beverley Tucker, Professor
of Law in the University of William and Mary,
Virginia; Judge William H. Cabell, President of the
Court of Appeals of Virginia; Simon Greenleaf,
Royal Professor of Law, Cambridge, Massachusetts; H. W. and J. J. Fry, and Charles F. Osborne, Richmond, Virginia; Gwathmey, Forbes, &
Co., and Beers & Smith, Mobile, Alabama; Fisher
& Co., Boston; A. Thornton, New York, William
C. Maitland of New York.
Oct. 28—cp6m Oct. 28-cp6m

MRS. HORN, Pennsylvania avenue, opposite United States Hotel.

MRS. HORN politely informs the ladies of Washington that she has commenced, in this city, the fashionable dress and closk-making in all its various branches, in a style not surpassed in fashion, elegance of fit, or neatness of execution, and feels confident she can give satisfaction to all who favor her with their custom.

Oct. 28—31:

sin about fiften days.

Six dengones and one volunteer had dissented from the control of the con \$6, 114 94 40 00 195, 460 18 90, 075 41 40, 000 00 \$6,114 94 40 00 48,464 00 13,066 23 871 32 3, 807 61 18, 631 25 30, 000 00 71, 663 40 85, 085 69 30, 000 00 122, 000 90 434, 295 46 439, 831 61 152, 146 45 245, 760 45 245, 760 45 245, 760 45 245, 760 45 247, 771 81 49, 305 66 48, 177 81 49, 305 66 48, 177 81 49, 305 66 18, 64 06 48, 177 81 49, 305 66 48, 177 81 49, 305 66 48, 177 97 71, 491 91 309, 954 81 71, 679 17 74, 431 91 309, 954 81 9, 737 86 9, 737 86 9, 737 86 42, 140 45 54, 055 95 30, 206 43 45, 555 06 56, 003 88 34, 496 07 5, 353 00 3,807 61 30, 000 192, 000 294, 221 353, 781 368, 360 148, 006 298, 902 338, 173 105, 146 1, 864 48, 177 49, 305 17, 127 45, 525 16, 924 17, 127 45, 525 16, 924 16, 924 17, 127 16, 924 17, 127 16, 924 17, 127 16, 924 17, 127 17, 127 18, 924 11, 127 18, 924 11, 127 18, 924 11, 127 18, 924 11, 127 18, 924 11, 127 18, 924 18, 128 140,074 15 79,049 63 150,658 61 4.140 01 7,558 28 2,080 58 1,812 50 7,050 00 7, 229 00 1, 409 07 22, 389 74 758 36 11, 495 97 4, 670 00 9,096 47 97,354 58 92,818 00 5,942 08 30,215 29 30 00 1,815 84 1,815 84 373, 102 70 183, 691 12 9, 744 59 2,550 00 35, 903 97 13, 164 93 22, 739 0 52, 932 17 1,763 79 51, 168 3 98, 286 67 23, 461 22 13 44 6, 675 37 7, 143 49 13 44 1,080 46 150,398 27 1,080 46 78, 493 5 100 00 200 00 100 00 200 0 789 66 409, 520 69 409, 520 m 32,000 00 26,850.00 82, 797 39 77, 521 95 \$871, 378 08 \$5, 370, 222 91 \$1, 905, 662 29 \$4, 275, 938 70 816, 378 08 \$3,459,560 @

To Canal Bank, Albany
To Bank of Commerce, New York
To Bank of America, New York
To Merchants Bank, New York
To Cheaspeake Bank, Baltimore, Md.
To the Canal and Banking Company, New Orleans, La.
To Bank of Missouri, St. Louis, Missouri

OFFICIAL.

Miscellaneous sources treasury notes issued under act 22d July, 1846

From customs about

tedemption of treasury notes, and in-terest tedemption of treasury notes which were purloised, and interest

Secretary of the Trensus
Nov 2-1t [Int.]

TREASURY NOTES OUTSTANDING, NO VEMBER 1st, 1846.
TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
REGISTER'S OFFICE, Nov. 2d, 1846.

Amount outstanding of the several issues prior to act of 92d July, 1846, as per records of this office - \$412,983 97 Amount outstanding of the issues under the act of 22d July, 1846 - 3,227,000 00

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
November 2, 1846.
In reply to inquiries made of this department, notice is given that treasury notes issued under the at of the 22d of July, 1846, bearing an interest of on mill per hundred dollars per annum, may be deposited, under the advertisement of the 22d of Octobe last, in exchange for treasury notes carrying an interest of five and two-fifths per cent. per asnum.

R. J. WALKER,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Nov 2—4t

CTOVES, Grates, and Hardware.

Nov 2-4:

TOVES, Grates, and Hardware. I have just received from the north, a large assortment of locks, butts, screws, nails, files, and saws, and a general assortment of hardware and cutlery; also another lot of stoves and grates, which makes my assortment of stoves, grates, hardware, and house-furnishing articles, as complete as any in the District. I shall in a few days receive another large lot of the American air-tight cooking stoves. Also another lot of grates; all of which I will sell cheap for cash.

C. WOODWARD.

Pennsylvania avenue, bet. 10th and 11 streets Oct 31-3t

Deduct cancelled notes in the hands

of the accounting officers

Nov 2-1t

78,631 25 60,000 50,000 25,000 840,314 93 25,000 \$1,098,946 18 TRANSPERS ORDERED From Oliver Lee & Co.'s Bank, Buffalo, Y. Y.
From Mechanica' and Farmers' Bank, Albany, I.
From Albany City Bank,
From Canal Bank, Albany
From Bank of Commerce, New York
From Bank of America,
From Bank of the State of New York, N. Y.
From Mechanica' Bank
From Mechanica' Bank 18,631 25 50,000 40,000 110,000 100,000 225,314 93 100,000 75,000 90,000 100,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 10,000 25,000 10,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 From Mechanics' Bank do
From American Exchange Bank, do
From Merchanta' Bank, do
From North River Bank, do
From Philadelphia Bank, Philadelphia
From Bank of Commerce, do
From Bank of Erie, Erie From Philadelphia Benk, Philadelphia
From Bank of Commerce, do
From Bank of Erie, Erie
From Bank of Erie, Erie
From Coreoran & Rigga, Washington
From Corcoran & Rigga, Washington
From Farmers' Bank of Virginia, Richmon
From Bank of Virginia, Richmond
From Planters' Bank, Savannah, Georgia

> 62,096 82 5,388 30

\$14,088,661 2

3,639,283 97

567,000 00

R. H. GILLET, Register of the Treasury.
[Intel.]

C. WOODWARD,

\$1,103,946 18 NEN additions of Desirable Dry Goods.

both staples and fancy, all of which I can sell at the lowest prices. I name among the many—
30 pieces black Alpaca, all qualities
25. do do calicoes
Black crapes and black love veils
Best black kid gloves
Super black spun silk, alpaca, Cashmers, and cotton hose
60 pieces white scalet and valley feared are - \$6,125,000 - 640,000 - 17,000 - 1,953,950

\$8,735,950 60 pieces white, scarlet, and yellow flannels, ve heap
9-4 black wool and fine Thibet shawls
6 pieces very extra fine bombasins
2 cartons heavy Terkerri shawls, very cheap
150 pairs twilled blankets
100 do 10-4, 11-4, 12-4, and 13-4 Whitney The expenditures for the same period were, viz.
Civil, miscellaneous, and foreign intercourse - \$1,644,271 20
Army proper - 8,153,659 30
Fortifications, ordnance, and arming
militia - 462,627 03
Indian department - 827,880 03

100 do 10-4, 11-4, 12-4, and 13-4 Whitny blankets
10 pieces Canton blanketing
10 do læma plaids, bright colors
50 scarlet crape scarfs
1 bale handsome 6 4 closkings
40 heavy net shawls, new style
4-4 black taffeta silks, for mantillas
Colored silks, new styles, in great variety
4 pieces rich black satin ottoman
5 do do shaded watered mousseline
10 do do plaid do
Marcelines, of all colors
Irish linens, heavy and undressed
Damask diaper and napkins
5 pieces blue-black and black velvet.
Purchasers are respectfally invited to an exhination of the above, which together with every kind of goods adapted to the present demsiad, will offer very low.

R. ESTEP.
Nov 2—co2wif

Nov 2—eo2wii

New dress goods, shawls, &c.—The subscribers have just received an additions supply of rich dress goods, such as—
Rich Cashmere d'Ecosse, of the latest styles. Rich glaid French Cashmeres, also new styles. Rich glaid and other plaids, very beautiful. Rich chameleon, striped, and plaid silks. Rich black india satins, very heavy. Rich black satin-striped and plain black silks. Rich plaid cloaking, new style.

Also, a large lot of very beautiful Teckerri another shawls, to which we invite particular attestion.

\$3,072,283 97 Also, a lot of very pretty and comfortable share

or misses.

Together with many other new and beautiful coods, which we are determined to sell cheep.

P. H. HOE & CO. LOTHS, Cassimeres, &c.—I have ju or received from recent auction sales— 20 pieces black and colored cloths, part very

perior

do blue, black, and fancy cassimeres

Satin, merino, and Cashmere vestings, great
riety.

25 pieces superfine ingrain carpetings
2 bales handsome rugs.
Which, with a large stock of three-ply and Bruiels, make my assortment very extensive.
Nov 2—eo2wif
R. ESTEF. FOR RENT.—A very fine brick dwellin house, on 13th atreet, south of the canal has a basement, two parlors, five chambers, cos and wood-house; the grounds are improved with a strubbery and fruit trees. If desirable, it would accommodate two small families.

For terms, apply to Mrs. S. S. King, on the primines, or to F. S. Myer, on 12th street and Pensylvania avenue.

Oct. 27—3tep I TO PART HE